The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.
RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.
P. HOAN, Business Manager.
TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 3 cents; daily (by carrier), per week, 25 cents; subscribers by mail, $10 00.
Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet, containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Family Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $2 00; in Clubs of Twenty, $1 50; one copy gratis to getter up of the Club.
Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.
Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. XI. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 13, 1873. NO. 27.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial—News Paper Decisions.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.
2. If a person orders his papers discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send them until payment is made, and collect the whole together, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. The courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.
☞ Remittances must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks, or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the Money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection Against Losses, and all Postmasters are obliged to register letters whenever requested to do so.
☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to
RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.
☞ Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FIRST EDITION.

EUROPE.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

litical Situation in France.

e Bazaine Court Martial.

neral of the Late Sir E. Landseer.

e Spanish Fleet at Cartagena.

NNONADING HEARD THERE.

spiracy to Assassinate Castelar.

ssians Evacuating Khiva.

stitute Americans in Vienna.

France.

TRIAL OF MARSHAL BAZAINE.

VERSAILLES, October 11.—The session of the Bazaine court martial was resumed this morning. Several documents submitted by the prosecution were read, the most important of which was one to show that Bazaine was responsible for the delay in the husbanding of provisions in Metz by forcing the officers of the staff to remain in the city, thus preventing them from taking necessary precaution to provide against scarcity. Bazaine's report was then taken up and its reading finished. Riviere says in relinquishing the chief command of the army the Emperor gave his last order to Bazaine, which was to retreat to Chalons, although this order was repeatedly insisted upon, Bazaine refused to escape from Metz when he received the Emperor, and in causing as he did by false information an advantage towards Montmedy, greatly hastened the responsibility for the disaster at Sedan.

The Duke D'Aumale, President of the court martial, yesterday ordered Bazaine's Justification Memoir to be read. It deals briefly with only the chief points of the indictment, relates events and leaves charges unanswered.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL AND THE ASSEMBLY.

PARIS, October 11.—Twenty-seven members of the Municipal Council of Paris, have published an address in which they declare that the Assembly has right to alienate the national sovereignty, affirm that the majority of the people respect the decision of Count de Chambord to the throne of France, and greet the Deputies from the Department of the Seine to declare frankly how they propose to vote on the question of a change of government is brought up in the Assembly.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

PARIS, October 12.—Count de Chambord was at Chambery to-day. He visited the Grand Duke of Saxony and received a deputation from France, and replied he gave to the deputation a promise that it will probably reach this city about the middle of the present week. The committee of the monarchial members of the Assembly will meet in the morning to receive and consider the Count's final reply. It will communicate the result of their deliberations to the Bureau of the Assembly on the next day.

The Paris Public says ex-President Thiers has not been seen with M. Gambetta since his return to Paris, and that he will hold aloof from all cabals, but will defend the liberties and the Republic from any quarter whence the attack may come.

The solidification of the members of the Right, will call a meeting of Imperialists to be held on the 15th inst. for the purpose of appealing to the people through the country in case concessions are made by the monarchists.

England.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE SIR E. LANDSEER.

LONDON, October 11.—The funeral services over the remains of the late Sir Edwin Landseer took place to-day at St. Paul's Cathedral. The body was taken from Burlington House, accompanied by a procession of members of the Royal Academy, which rapidly spread, and in a few minutes several buildings were in flames. A strong northwest wind was blowing at the time, and a great conflagration was imminent. Through great exertion the fire was stayed after twelve buildings were destroyed, mostly dwellings. Among the buildings destroyed were J. F. Weber & Co.'s sash, door and blind factory and Jacob Mann's brewery. Total loss, $50,000; insurance trifling.

At Waveland, Montgomery County, Ind.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., October 11.—A special to the *Express* from Waveland, Montgomery county, says: A destructive fire originated about two o'clock, and is supposed to have started in a bakery, and burned one row of business buildings and one dwelling. Total loss $50,000.

Corn Drying Establishment Burnt.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

SOUTH BEND, IND., October 12. 1873.

J. M. Hayner & Co.'s sweet corn drying establishment, two miles east of this place, was burned to the ground at four o'clock this morning. Loss $15,000; insured for $10,000.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., October 13, 1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES FOR TO-DAY.

For the Middle States, northward west winds, and clear or clearing weather.

In the Southern and Gulf States northerly winds, clear weather and somewhat lower temperature. The storm center in the Northwest will move eastward over the Lake region. For the Upper Lakes fresh to brisk southerly winds veering northwest, with cloudy weather. For the Lower Lake region, winds backing to southwest, with partly cloudy and clear weather, followed by rain in the evening. For New England rapidly rising barometer, fresh and brisk northwesterly winds and cloudy weather. Cautionary signals are ordered for Duluth, Marquette, Escanaba, New London, Woods's Hole, Boston and Portland, Maine.

Midnight Bulletin.

OCTOBER 12, 1873—10:48 P. M.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION.	Ther.	Wind	Weather.
Cincinnati, O.	49	N. W.	Clear.
Harrisburgh, Pa.	47	S. W.	Clear.
Indianapolis, Ind.	47		Clear.
Louisville, Ky.	50		Clear.
Memphis, Tenn.	56	N.	Clear.
Nashville, Tenn.	50		Clear.
New Orleans, La.	60	N. E.	Clear.
Omaha, Neb.	60	S.	Clear.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	44	N. W.	Cloudy.
St. Louis, Mo.	54	S.	Clear.
St. Paul, Minn.	52	S. E.	Fair.
Sandusky, Ohio.	51	S.	Clear.
LaCrosse,	51	S. E.	Threat. s'm
Yankton, D. T.	44	S. W.	Clear.

A Body Found in Grand River, Michigan.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., October 11, 1873.

The body of an unknown woman was found last night floating in Grand river in this city. It is not known whether she committed suicide or fell in the river by accident. An empty whisky bottle and several bank notes were found on the shore. She is recognized as a woman who has been playing a hand organ on the streets for a few days, but is a total stranger to every one here.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The first annual Illinois State Convention of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at Bloomington, November 6th to the 9th, inclusive. The occasion promises to be largely attended and of deep interest, and practical Christian questions will be considered.

Dr. James Jones, one of the original professors of the University of Louisiana, died in New Orleans Saturday, aged sixty-six.

Arrangements have been consummated to make Terre Haute the eastern terminus of the Paris and Decatur Railroad, a line now consisting of two hundred miles of finished road.

Hope H. Slatter, of Alabama, was, on Saturday, convicted at Washington City, of the murder of Michael Hussy, in August last. Counsel moved for a new trial.

Owing to the opposition to the ministry by the Haytian Chambers, President Saget closed the Chambers. This act, it is said, will make certain the election to the Presidency of Saget's friend, General Domingue.

Augustus E. Phillips, ex-United States Consul at Santiago de Cuba, cut his throat at the Crittenden House, New York, Saturday morning. It is supposed that he had been rendered temporarily insane by the financial troubles.

It is stated, on the authority of Senator Cameron, that Senator Conkling will accept the office of Chief Justice if tendered by President, and that he proposes to retire from public life at the end of his Senatorial term, and devote himself in the future to the practice of law and making a fortune.

A fire occurred in Boston on Saturday morning, burning some large stables and fifty-six valuable horses.

A number of foreign delegates to the Evangelical Alliance Conference left for home on Saturday.

A number of Frankford cotton mills are running on half time, in consequence of the falling off of orders and the difficulty in procuring currency to pay wages. Campbell's mill at Mannayunk is closed by a strike of the operatives.

The German corvette Nymph arrived at San Francisco on Saturday, having made the voyage from Yokohama under sail in twenty-seven days.

Thomas Curtin, tried in San Francisco on Saturday for the murder of the seducer of his young daughter, was acquitted.

The National Bank Examiner reports the loss of the Merchants' National bank at Lowell, Mass., by defalcation of the cashier at $63,701, with a possible liability of $87,000 more.

The Secretary of the Interior has received an official dispatch contradicting the press reports or the release of Santanta and Big Tree.

The outstanding legal tenders amount to $359,490,485.

The examination of Capt. Buddington, of the Polaris, was commenced Saturday.

The Postmaster General has established a free delivery system for Lafayette, Ind.

Brown says the season is too far advanced to row Biglin in New York waters a month hence.

From Mexico we learn that the priests of St. Loretto and other parishes, have excommunicated all who recognize the constitution and reform instituted by the government.

Only one silk mill in Paterson, N. J., is running on full time. Several mills are entirely suspended and others running only a part of the time with reduced forces.

The Louisville Exposition closed for the season Saturday night with an immense attendance, and was a financial success.

The Cincinnati Clearing House Association Saturday afternoon passed a resolution that all the banks and bankers of the city resume full currency payment to-day.

The steamships City of Limerick, City of Paris, Italy, Parthia and Baltic, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

Ned Buntline was fined thirty dollars for cruelty to animals Saturday at the instance of the Humane Society of Louisville.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Receipts and Expenditures

RESULT OF THE PANIC.

POMEROY AND CONWAY

Masonic Relief for Memphis

National Metropolitan Bank.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 12, 1873.

Receipts and Expenditures.

The receipts from Internal Revenue have been seriously affected by the commercial panic, and so far only about $200,000 have been collected, which indicates a total of less than six millions for October. The receipts from miscellaneous sources may reach from one and a half to two millions more. The expenditures, exclusive of the interest on the public debt, will probably reach fourteen millions, thus making a deficiency for October of about six millions to be drawn from the legal tender reserve.

Pomeroy and Conway.

Ex-Senator Pomeroy's friends deny that there is any foundation for the imputations upon his character of violation of the marital rights of Conway, and they further state that Conway made no such charge when first arrested for the shooting. They say that Conway, when United States Consul at Marseilles, left his wife without support, in which state of affairs Dr. Howe, of Boston, aided by Messrs. Sumner and Pomeroy, helped to secure an appointment for her, and that Pomeroy has not seen the lady in question for three years. Conway is said to have been levying money contributions on Pomeroy, and to have been influenced by malice. Some of Conway's friends claim that he is insane and ought to be confined.

Relief for Memphis.

The Free Masons of this city will hold a meeting on Wednesday, in order to devise relief for the Memphis sufferers.

The National Metropolitan Bank.

The report of Colonel Moore, who has just made an examination of the affairs of the National Metropolitan bank of Washington, shows that the bank was deficient on the 18th of June, in the amount of between $11,000 and $12,000, and that promises made to the Comptroller, to make good the deficiency, have not been kept.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 11, 1873.

THE NATIONAL METROPOLITAN BANK.

Col. Moore, National Bank Examiner, has completed a thorough examination of the National Metropolitan bank of Washington, and made his report to the Comptroller of Currency. From this report it appears that the capital stock is impaired, and that the bank has considerable surplus assets, at least nominal. Hoover's loss one thousand dollars; insurance. Hoover's loss one thousand dollars; insurance. Hoover's loss one thousand dollars; insurance

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1873.

OUR friends in neighboring districts will confer a favor on the COMMERCIAL by telegraphing the election returns—estimated, where the official count is not known—to this office as soon as possible after the closing of the polls to-morrow.

THE *Post* still keeps tugging and toiling away at its Sisyphean stone, with illiputian and ludicrous energy.

REPUBLICANS! Examine your tickets thoroughly before voting, and make sure that the names of the candidates are all right, orthographically as well as otherwise.

DURING the last ten months of Treasurer MACKEY's term of office, there has been a reduction in the public debt of $1,43[illegible],578. Does this look like extravagance and fraud—or honesty and retrenchment?

AN important matter to be borne in mind is, that the ticket is to be voted in three separate slips—State, Judiciary and County. The Republican ticket is prepared in one neatly cut slip, and the voter has only to separate as above stated.

THE Philadelphia *Age* might, we think, be engaged in a better cause than the defense of that journalistic outlaw, CHARLES A. DANA, editor of the New York *Sun*; the Captain JACK of the American press. Every one, however, to his peculiar taste.

HOW UNSPEAKABLY earthy is Bourbonism! The utterances of its organ in this city are as mouldy as the grave. Almost every sentence smacks of mildew; there is not a single foretaste of sunshine in them. Bourbonism is like a mole—evermore burrowing in the rayless dark.

THE unit is the basis of the million. No man can transfer his political responsibility to another. A direct personal obligation rests on every voter. Individual effort is the root of general success. Let each Republican voter remember that it is upon *himself*, specially, the imperative demand of Duty is made.

DON'T trade. Every candidate on the Republican ticket ought to be elected by a handsome majority. There is not an unworthy man in the whole list. They are all capable and true, and that Republican who fails to support the entire ticket, to that degree affords aid and encouragement to the common enemy.

JUDGE GORDON is a jurist who has always kept the ermine pure. His ability, rectitude, firmness and urbanity combine to make a magistrate whom the bar every where sincerely respects, and in whom the people everywhere justly confide. He is a first class man, and will receive a first class Republican majority.

REPUBLICANS! Recollect that no greater mistake could be made than to suppose that a bare majority for your candidates in Allegheny county is all that is required. A light vote here may possibly jeopardize the result in the State at large. Allegheny county expects every Republican to do his whole duty.

GREAT victories are always made more difficult to win when less important ones are neglected. We want no half-way triumph tomorrow, but a complete route of the enemy all along the line—horse, foot and dragoons. The result of the contest now will go a long way toward determining the outcome of the greater struggle in 1876.

THE Order of the Grange is steadily making its way in the South. The officers are assured of their ability to keep it out of politics. The economic advantages of the order are being constantly extended, among the latest being a movement looking to the inauguration of a self, or mutual system of insurance, covering crops, buildings and lives.

THE tactics pursued by the Democracy, particularly in Allegheny county, have been to arrange for getting out the whole Democratic vote quietly, and without apparent effort, hoping thereby to accomplish more than they could by noise and demonstration. They have been making a still hunt. Republicans! you must be up and doing.

LET THE real friends of Temperance remember this: That prohibitory enactments have seldom, if ever materially lessened the actual consumption of liquors, but, on the contrary, have quite often had the effect of increasing the very evils they were intended to check. No law which runs directly counter to the popular wish, can prove effective in the long run.

HERE is a little fact which the *Post*—and those over-trusting Democrats who are content to derive their political pabulum from its meager trough—are respectfully invited to consider. The highest prices ever known in London for American Government bonds were those of the 3d inst., for 6-20's of 1867, the rates being 96¾ per cent. Considering the connection with the financial excitement prevalent in this country at the time, this is certainly a most hopeful, as well as remarkable fact.

WORKINGMEN! Remember that the Democratic party is outspoken in favor of free trade, which means open doors to foreign products. This, of course, would cause a depression in home manufactures, and, as an unavoidable result, down would come your wages. On the other hand, the Republican party favors a protective tariff. This means that these doors shall be closed to foreign products, establishing ample markets and steady prices for the fruits of home industry. Vote the way in which all your material interests lie.

BUSINESS men are proverbial for neglecting elections. They are not behind hand in the expression of opinion on any question before the people, but they too often fail to embody such opinion in the form of a vote. It is to be hoped, however, that none of them will neglect to go to the polls to-morrow. Certainly the obligations of honorable citizenship are not less binding than the mere requirements of trade. Nor should they be held so. Let each business man to-day faithfully discharge his duty to his country. He has all the rest of the year for the promotion of his personal interests, and that, surely, ought to be enough.

IT OUGHT not to be forgotten that it is wholly owing to the Republican administration and a Republican financial system that, notwithstanding the late financial revulsion, no man has a worthless bill in his pocket. There could hardly be a stronger evidence of the soundness of the system, which is founded upon the immutable rock of our existence as a nation. Heretofore, under the Democratic regime, whenever a bank suspended, every man hastily scanned his pocket-book to ascertain if the bankrupticy had affected him. Now, every man has maintained his composure, so far as his currency is concerned, and manifested the utmost indifference as to what banks have broken or remained solvent. The people understand that, let what may happen, their currency, whether of greenbacks or National bank notes, is absolutely secure, and its value liable neither to annihilation or depreciation. This confidence-inspiring policy has been the work of the Republican party.

THE proof of the pudding is in the eating. During the last four years and ten months, the State debt has been reduced $6,941,824, or, in round numbers, seven millions of dollars. Last month the debt was reduced $209,800, and on the first of the present month there was a balance in the Treasury of $1,720,058. The entire debt of the State is $25,871,716. It should be remembered, too, that this steady reduction of the public debt has been accompanied by a steady reduction in taxation, and that, at the present time, there is hardly a State in the Union on whose people the burdens of government press so lightly. Under the existing administration and policy the entire debt will be liquidated within a few years—a fact which speaks volumes in favor of its continuance; especially when it is considered that the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer is the Treasurer of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, a corporation whose interest it is to alter the financial policy as to relieve corporations from taxation and cast the burden upon the people.

GOOD citizens may, and will, honestly differ as to the cause of poverty and crime among us, and as to the best means of preventing both; but no cause will ever make converts by misrepresentation. It is charged by some of the leaders of the Prohibition movement in this county, that the Republican party is wholly destitute of any interest in promoting the practice of temperance. This statement is as erroneous as it is uncharitable and intemperate. The members of that party treat sobriety as one of the many virtues to be practiced by themselves and their neighbors, in the same manner as any other of the cardinal virtues may be and should be practiced. If they do not sustain the peculiar tenets of the prohibitionists, that is certainly no reason why they should be subjected to aspersion and misrepresentation. All experience teaches that one of the surest ways to confirm men in unfortunate courses, is to excite in them antagonism and repulsion by the means ostensibly employed to elevate them. It is to be feared that this is exactly what some of the Prohibitionists of Allegheny county are doing; what is missionary work being turned over to the unfeeling and unreformatory processes of penal law, while those whose proper mission it is to win by kindness and moral suasion, destroy their own legitimate influence by the hostile attitudes they assume.

COMBINATIONS of men for useful objects are to be encouraged; but combinations of men for class purposes and class legislation are not wise. There should be no classes in this country, nor any class fighting. It is to be feared that many of our "Labor Reform" friends have got hold of the question at the wrong angle. Capital and labor are mutually dependent, and go hand in hand. It will be a disastrous day when employers and employed shall be set over in antagonism to each other, the one class struggling to take as much, and the other to give as little as possible. Here, where men are continually changing from one pursuit to another, and where the laborer of to-day may become the employer of to-morrow, there is no reason whatever why classes should be held apart by rivalry and selfishness. Let those workingmen of Allegheny county who have been approached with solicitations to vote for the so-called "Labor Reform" ticket, reflect thoughtfully on this matter; all the more for the reason that there is not the slightest possibility of the election of even one of the candidates of that faction. Every workingman who desires to have his vote count, should cast it for the nominees of the Republican party.

WITH liberal exportations, and a corresponding decrease of importations, the trade balance is working steadily in our favor. The gold which we have been paying for foreign goods is coming back to us in exchange for our provisions and breadstuffs, and much of it is going to the mint for recoinage. At the same time, the imports of foreign goods continue on a reduced scale, a large portion of the vessels arriving being in ballast, attracted by the high rates of freight that have prevailed all through the year. Under such a State of affairs who—notwithstanding all that the *Post* may say to the contrary—can doubt the real prosperity of the country?

DEMOCRATIC organs, in those States in which elections occur this month, run over with extravagant references to the past character and importance of that party. Granting—which we do not grant—that the half they say concerning its earlier greatness be true, we utterly fail to see wherein it helps the case of modern Democracy; since, although one should have sprung in direct line from HERCULES, yet if he show a low-born meanness, that long succession of ancestors whom he disgraces are so many witnesses against him; and his grand display of tarnished glory does but serve to make his ignominy all the more evident.

THE *Post* has had a good deal to say of late, concerning our burdens of debt and taxation. But it has not once mentioned the fact that the debts of the people, National, State and municipal, were largely swollen on account of the disloyal conduct of the Democratic party during the war. The indebtedness of the people is, therefore, a pretty correct gauge of the effective recreancy of the Democracy in the hour of national peril. If the surviving remnant of that party can afford to recall this unenviable record of the past, Republicans can certainly endure it.

NEVER, perhaps in the history of the whole country, says the the Dallas (Texas) *Herald*, has the generous kindness of the Jews been more substantially demonstrated than now, when a great scourge has fallen upon the people of our sister city, and laid them at the mercy and charity of their neighbors. From all parts of Northern Texas we hear the most gratifying reports of the liberality of the Israelites. In Jefferson they raised in one evening nearly a thousand dollars for the sufferers of Shreveport, and in Dallas they have been equally as generous in responding to the imperious wants of those upon whom the heavy hand of disease has fallen, and who are objects of charity indeed. In doing their good deeds, the Jews are by half way people. They open their purses and give to the extent of their means, never inquiring whether their contributions are destined for the relief of Jew or Gentile. Furthermore, they are organized for the successful prosecution of their charitable enterprises. Their societies and benevolent associations are always kept intact, and at no time do their beneficent lights shine more effulgently than when calamities befall us. We honor our Jewish citizens for their magnanimity, and commend their praiseworthy examples as deserving of the highest emulation of us all.

THE question of reorganizing the Boston Fire Department is again before the city government, with some amendments to the plan recently defeated in the Common Council. The proposed ordinance provides for the establishment of a Board of Fire Directors, to take charge of the department, to consist of three members of the City Council, elected annually by concurrent vote of both branches, and four citizens, one of whom shall be a member of the Board of Fire Underwriters, to be appointed by the Mayor, and to hold office for two years, two members to retire and two members to be appointed each year. It also makes new provision for the selection of Chief Engineer and his assistants. The matter comes before the Board of Aldermen to-morrow by special assignment.

SOME curious facts regarding the bullion movement of the world, exhausted by the London *Economist*, confirm other evidence that the stock of gold in this country is increasing. England, in the first three months of 1873, imported £13,015,907 in gold, or almost the same as last year. But of this, only £3,111,000 came from the United States, against £7,188,000 last year; while Australia furnished £6,216,000, as against £4,083,000. In general the gold-producing countries furnished a smaller proportion than usual, and the non-gold producing a greater. The *Economist* regards this as "an unmistakable sign of the exhaustion of the stocks of gold throughout the world."

A DECISION touching the responsibility of landlords and safety of guests has just been given in an Indiana court. It appears a Mr. Dessaner stopped at a hotel in Indianapolis, when he was assigned a room with three beds in it, one of which was already occupied, and was told the third would remain empty. During the night, however, it was taken by a stranger, who arose early in the morning and departed, taking with him the watch, pocket book, &c., of the proprietor. The Court held that the landlord was responsible for the loss of the guest, in consequence of his causing him to relax his vigilance by leading him to believe no one but the other already in the room should occupy it.

INFORMATION has reached the Department of the Interior that some of the most handsome and symmetrical craters, formed by the evaporation of mineral waters in the Yellowstone National Park, have been made almost unsightly by the large masses of yearly incrustations of silver, which have been knocked from their edges with hatchets and axes by visitors desirous of carrying off such evidences of their visits. Unless national protection be given to this park it is said the natural novelties and beauties of the geysers and mineral springs will, in a few seasons, be divested of their attraction to a great extent by specimen hunters.

IN connection with the killing of two horses belonging to Brigham Converse by lightning, in Worcester, Mass, on last Monday evening, the *Spy* relates some curious particulars: After a vivid flash, followed by a deafening explosion as of gunpowder, a noise was heard in the barn, and, upon learning the cause, one of the horses was found dead in his stall, and the one in the stall adjoining struggling violently and died in a few moments. The only mark of the lightning was on the horse killed, a small place upon its back appearing as though hot water had been thrown upon him. The barn was filled with hay, but was not set on fire. Within four feet of the open window a lightning rod in perfect order, but the appearance indicates that it was not touched by the lightning.

IT is interesting to note how placidly the world can now bear the once alarming spectacle of the Internationalists. They lately held their sixth Congress, and a very tame and harmless affair it proved to be. Of all the original leaders only one was present; the rest having died, or changed their opinions, or become "too prosperous to care about internationalism." While their convocation, instead of throwing society into spasms, hardly attracted interest enough to get itself reported. This bugbear of mankind, which three years ago nearly launched the governments of the world into a crusade, is today a respectable council of persons limited to chat in French on the best way of raising wages.

FROM the best sources of information available, and the most careful estimates of persons engaged in the manufacturing, mining and mechanical industries in St. Louis, it appears that there are about 45,000 persons employed in these pursuits, 25,000 of whom are men, 10,000 boys, and 10,000 women and girls. The average wages of men is about $18 per week; of boys, $4, and women and girls, $6. The operatives in the manufactories earn, say: the men, in the aggregate, $340,000 per week, boys $25,000, and the women about $75,000, or altogether about $440,000 per week.

The Memphis *Avalanche* has learned that if a hail large enough can be secured, it proposes to call a convention of the authors of "Beautiful Snow." There are supposed to be about 10,000 of him—or her. It would not be a bad idea to call a convention of the authors of "Rock Me to Sleep, Mother," at the same time and in the same city, and let the two armies of poets have a little battle—"No consequence, not the slightest, which licks." It would be well, also, to have the "Betsey and I are Out" Carleton-Emerson matter settled once and for all on the same occasion.

The high price paid for a Cremona violin of 1683, a few years ago, when, "Atwood merinoes" from "over the mountain," in Vermont, brought anywhere from $100 to $200, are recalled by some great sales of breeding sheep that recently took place at Edinburgh and Kelso, Scotland. Blacked-faced and Cheviot sheep sold for about $250 each, and Lord Polwarth disposed of some fancy Leicesters at prices ranging from $300 to $600. His best ram brought $1,000.

MOUNT WHITNEY, in California, hitherto supposed to be the highest peak in the United States, was successfully ascended, last month, by a member of the State Survey, and its summit found by accurate measurement with the barometer to be 14,898 feet above sea level. But another mountain, known as Fisherman's peak, has lately been discovered and ascended, near Mount Whitney, which is said to eclipse even the latter in height.

The last number of the Marquette *Mining Journal* reports that none of the mining operations in the Upper Peninsula have been affected by the money panic, except the temporary postponement of new enterprises. At that date all the old mines and furnaces were working with full forces of hands, as usual, and with every appearance of continuing work right along.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

This is the Bourbon's fatal hitch: they falter Betwixt we ought to, and we ha'n't oughter.

Massachusetts finds it impossible to get young men to work her farms. The State established an Agricultural College at a cost between $300,000 and $500,000 and has graduated ten farmers.

The rifle shooting at Creedmoor is rapidly improving. The more courageous portions of the country folk thereabout now venture within half a mile of the marksmen.

A Maine couple, who were married fifty years ago, have just been married again. This belongs to that rare class of events which are ever capable of exciting the wonder of Chicago.

The new Hertz torpedo, recently invented and subjected to trial by the government in Germany, is said to be the most powerful and destructive weapon ever constructed. It performs its work with the greatest punctuality and effectiveness.

The pet cat of a Providence store became convinced, the other day, that a certain house across the way was infested with rats and mice, and, her impression being confirmed by a personal examination, she went out and got a street cat that was looking for a job, and, returning, took her over to the house, showing her the holes and the haunts of the enemy, and then left her to exterminate them.

Wilmington, Del., is now called a "suburb of Philadelphia." Philadelphia will have to be coopered, or it will spread over the whole face of creation.

The ship Friedlander, of Boston, from Liverpool, arrived at New York on Friday, with a full cargo, having made the passage in sixteen days, which is the best western run made to any port of the United States by any sailing vessel for many years.

The New York *Sun* continues to "shine for all." In other words, it sheds its beams of impartial calumny upon everybody who incurs the personal dislike of its editor.

Of all the months of the year, none is usually more tempting in this climate to lovers of out-door life than October. That person must be feeble indeed whose pulses are not quickened and whose whole organism is not roused into activity by the bright sunshine and the cool, bracing air of such days as these.

The Lippincotts print a monthly jobber's catalogue of school books, with telegraphic code, by which orders may be sent in brief by telegraph.

The Mississippi Valley Society have failed in their attempt to secure a visit this fall from a number of representative Englishmen to the cities of the valley.

The newly introduced public school system is superceding many private educational enterprises in Tennessee.

Two first class locomotives have lately been turned out of the South Carolina railroad shops at Charleston, at a cost considerably below Philadelphia prices, and the Charleston papers say, fully the equal of the best Northern built engines.

Cold weather is believed to be favorable to the existence and spread of small-pox, and in view of the approach of winter, it would be a good idea for those who have not been vaccinated to have the matter attended to at once. "A stitch in time saves nine."

Quite a number of Federal office holders in the Southern States, now in Washington, have obtained permission to remain there until the yellow fever scourge has disappeared.

The Canadians are working themselves into humanitarian disgust about the Montreal jail, where thirty-eight prisoners were found by the Grand Jury in fifteen cells, three men using the air intended for one pair of lungs.

A Michigan chemist has analyzed the air of a greenhouse which had been close i for twelve hours, and found it better than pure country air. This seems to be a strong argument in favor of plants in sleeping rooms.

A recent compilation of the statistics of the paper trade shows that there has been during the last few years an increase in the facilities for the manufacture of paper and an increase of production which must soon have a marked effect upon its price in this country. This result, of course, will be advantageous to the people at large; for anything that will cheapen paper must tend to increase the dissemination of literature and knowledge.

It is a noticeable fact that, so far as known, no suicides have resulted from the money panic, though it is not to be denied that numbers of people afflicted by it could very easily have been spared.

The Irish Agricultural Laborers' Union, in the event of the government failing to settle the question of waste lands in Ireland, have decided to emigrate to the United States in a body.

Krupp's world-renowned iron works, at Essen, in Prussia, cover a space of 1,000 acres, and employ 18,000 laborers. The buildings alone occupy 200 acres.

The most interesting fe ture of the last town meeting day in Connecticut was the election in New Haven of a Yale College graduate to the branch of the Common Council, and the Yale College colored carpenter to the other. There's a sample of true American democracy "that you read about."

A number of young women of New York city have determined to apply for admission to Columbian College at the opening of the coming term. If denied they propose to apply for a mandamus.

But for the financial panic the collections this month would, according to estimates made by the revenue authorities, have exceeded those of last month or the month preceding to the extent of at least twenty per cent.

During the past two years nearly fifty thousand dollars worth of property has been purloined from the cars on the Star Union Line Transportation Company at Chicago by a gang of thieves, who have just been detected.

The Cherokee *Advocate* says that the deer and calves on the plains of the Indian territory are dying of black tongue.

A Bosconi professor of chemistry wants to know if monobomantrayrinone is obtained by the oxidation of tribomanthracene, what would result from the union of bibthaline with dilute dichlor, or diboromanthracene disulphuric acid?

Our exportation of cattle to Europe promises to become a very important item in our foreign traffic. England has for some time past been unable to supply its demand from Ireland and the continent, and finds it profitable now to import from our markets, even at the present extravagant cost of transportation.

An Arbor University is one of the best institutions in the West, and one of the most commanding features of its educational programme is, that it is now educating nine students of Chinese nativity.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railway Company are building at Newark, Ohio, the most extensive car shops to be found in the West, in which they expect to employ twelve or fifteen hundred men. These employees must principally come from other localities, and this alone will nearly double the population of the place.

It will be interesting to the consumers of "Havana" cigars to learn that during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1872, 230,063 pounds of leaf tobacco, saying nothing of $46,618 worth of the manufactured article, were exported from our country to Cuba.

The net receipts of the Treasury during the year were $348,669,221, and the net of total payments $524,044,297. The decrease in receipts from customs since the preceding year was about $28,250,000, and from internal revenue $6,900,000.

No British university has stepped forward as yet to claim the $15,000 left by Mr. Mill to the first university that would admit women. It is said, however, that Trinity College, Dublin, is preparing to admit women to its course as far as the degree of bachelor of arts.

PERSONAL.

The following letter, written by the Father of his Country over 120 years ago, and addressed to "Wm. Fauntleroy, Sr., in Richmond," brother of the "Miss Betsy" referred to, has recently been published by Fitzhugh Lee: "May 20, 1752.—Sir: I should have been down long before this, but my business in Frederick detained me somewhat longer than I expected, and immediately upon my return from thence I was taken with a violent cold settling, as has reduced me very low; but purpose, as soon as recover my strength, to wait on Miss Betsy, in hopes of a revocation of the former cruel sentence, and see if I can meet with any alteration in my favor. I have inclosed a letter to her, which you will be much obliged to you for the delivery of it. I have nothing to add but my best compliments to your lady and family, and that I am, sir, your most obedient humble servant. G. WASHINGTON."

One of the greatest readers of modern times died at Cambridge, Vt., on the 15th of September. This was Mr. Benjamin Griswold. He was eighty-one years old, and during his life must have confined himself mainly to one book—The Book—the Bible. This he had read through, in one and the same copy, 165 times, and had kept tally of his perusals on a blank leaf of the sacred volume. It would not easy say that he might have been better engaged, but that was for himself, and not for others, to determine. Too few books are better than too many. Poor Collins, the poet, when he was mad, said to Dr. Johnson, "I have but one book, but it is the best." It was the Bible.

Prof. Hayden has arrived in Washington from Colorado. Three parties will remain in the Parks until next month. The rest of the party will begin the reduction of the observations at once. Prof. Hayden brings the report that a Mr. Marsh, an enterprising squatter, has pre-empted eighty-four acres, including the entire summit of Mount Lincoln, where the government has established a signal station.

The Franklin (Ky.) *Patriot* says: "We hear of a mother and two daughters, living about two miles from Franklin, who were attacked recently in so singular a manner as to claim the attention of a physician who attended them all day. They became almost simultaneously delirious, and behaved very strangely, imagining themselves other persons. The most singular thing about the affair is, they did not know each other. They remained in this condition all day."

Prof. J. M. Maxwell has been appointed by President Grant Special Agent for the Pension Bureau, the place tendered to Peter H. Clark, and by him declined. Pro. Maxwell is one of the most capable colored men in Ohio, and is highly respected by all who know him.

Mr. John B. Kenney, late Collector of the First District of Pennsylvania, died in July last, leaving a small estate. As it was important that it should be speedily settled, a request was forwarded to Washington to that effect. The result has recently been made known through the official settlement of the Fifth Auditor, under date of September 30, 1873, to the effect that there is a balance due the late Collector, as collecting and disbursing agent for the government, of $878 38.

C. C. Fulton, editor and proprietor of the Baltimore *American*, and daughters, have arrived home, after a six months' sojourn in Europe.

It is rumored that ex-President Johnson's admirers are getting up a subscription to compensate him for his heavy loss by the failure of the First National bank at Washington.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis has recently recovered an elegant album of paintings that was "confiscated" by a Federal soldier during the time of the war.

Rev. Dr. Putnam, who has been for forty-three years pastor of the First Religious (Unitarian) Society, Boston, recently sent in his resignation, assigning ill-health as the reason. The society, at a meeting, among other things, resolved that the pastor be urged not to press his resignation; that the society will gladly relieve him from all responsibility and feel that a tie so sacred should not be sundered so long as God shall permit it to continue. In these days of constant ministerial changes it is grateful to hear of a people who are not touched by the physical infirmities of their pastor.

The London *Saturday Review* compliments Mr. Longfellow upon his new volume of poems, but does not like its title, "Aftermath." It says that Mr. Longfellow is but a year or two older than Mr. Tennyson, and in England they have not yet lost the hope that the Poet-Laureate will yet outshine all his former achievements, and closes its plaint with the following kindly words: "Mr. Longfellow, emphatically an artist-poet, and not a bard, has many fruitful years, we trust, before him; many crops of fragrant clover and flourishing lucerne to gather in, of which the seeds are now working secretly underground."

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HON. ISAAC G. GORDON, of Jefferson County.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
HON. ROBERT W. MACKEY, of Allegheny County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
HON. THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
HON. J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.

STATE SENATE,
HON. GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.

ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
HENRY H. MCCORMICK, Pittsburgh.
Second City District,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.
County District,
J. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins.
A. B. YOUNG, Robinson.
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh (South Side).
R. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY TREASURER,
Capt. SAMUEL KILGORE, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Pittsburgh.
JAMES G. MURRAY, Upper St. Clair, two years.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
Capt. JOHN MCCLELLAND, West Deer.

CORONER,
WILLIAM MCCALLIN, Pittsburgh.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

STATE NEWS.

Mrs. Kellman, of Tamaqua, aged seventy-two, fell down the stairs leading to the cellar, at her residence, on the 9th inst., and was so badly hurt that death ensued in ten minutes.

Mr. Tome, imprisoned in the York county jail, ten or twelve years for contempt of court, was set at liberty a few days since, on the recommendation of the Grand Jury, on the ground that he was sufficiently punished.

The Warren *Ledger* thinks it very uncertain that Warren will get the Insane Asylum, as the Governor has not accepted the report of the Commissioners.

Rev. Robert Audley Brown has taken his family to New Castle to reside. He will continue to preach as usual in Titusville until further notice.

Mr. A. C. Porter has withdrawn from the editorial chair of the Clarion *Jacksonian*, and gone West. Col. W. T. Alexander takes his place. The office is to be sold at Sheriff's sale. Mr. Porter's creditors would like to interview him about $4,000 worth.

Joseph D. Hankin, an old and esteemed citizen of Madison township, Clarion county, fell dead on Sunday, 5th inst.

Miss Sarah Jones, of Center township, Greene county, was thrown from a horse on Sunday, 5th inst., and remained in an insensible condition until Thursday following. Although seriously injured, it is thought that she will recover.

After to-morrow, it is to be hoped, "last cards" and frantic appeals to partisans in the country press will give way to local and general news. Election comes but once a year, though.

The Mount Pleasant *Journal* says: A good joke on a young city fellow who bought a farm last winter has just leaked out. He had a fine orchard of about two hundred apple trees, and a few weeks ago he tapped every one of them for cider. As it didn't run very well, he inquired of a neighbor what the matter was, and gave him a new hat not to tell any one else.

Philadelphia has another new paper—the *Journal of the Exposition*.

There is a history of India, printed in the language of that country on soft wooden leaves, on exhibition at the Sunbury fair.

The Middletown School Board has adopted the following resolution: That the studies adopted in our schools be compulsory on each and every pupil, and unless they comply they shall be dismissed from the schools.

It will require 3,000 feet of steam pipe to heat the Cumberland Valley normal school at Shippensburg. The last of the articles necessary to complete the steam heating equipment were shipped on Wednesday from Reading.

Two men in Fulton county killed fifty-nine snakes, the other day, while going to and returning from dinner.

John Hendershot, the Democratic candidate for County Commissioner in Fulton county, died on Monday, 6th inst.

The Brady's Bend iron works give employment to six hundred men, and support a population of 3,000 people. The works comprise four blast furnaces, one rolling mill, a machine shop, foundry, fire-brick and nail mills. There are five ore deposits and five coal banks now being operated, the ore mined being 30,000 tons per year. There is said to be sufficient on the territory belonging to the company to last one hundred years. The capital of the company is $1,000,000, held mostly in New Yorkers.

Last Friday, Mr. Henry Keller, aged seventy-three years, fell dead while engaged picking potatoes near Middletown.

The Juniata *Sentinel* and Juniata *Republican* have been consolidated under the title of the Juniata *Sentinel and Republican*. Mr. B. F. Schweir is editor and proprietor. The *Independent*, of the same place, has suspended temporarily.

The New Castle *Journal*, of Saturday, 11th inst., says: Just as we go to press, we learn that Hon. David Craig, member of the Constitutional Convention from this district, is lying very ill at his residence, and that his death may occur at any moment. His loss will be felt by the whole community, having reached that period of life when man is most able to benefit his fellow man. He is a man of rare ability, and is highly esteemed by the whole community.

William Glass, son of an ex-member of the Legislature from Snyder county, became intoxicated for the first and last time of his life on Saturday. On Sunday morning he became very sick and turned black all over his body, and on Monday he died.

An exchange puts it in this shape: Up in Monroe county there is a man seventy-four years old, who has never taken a paper in his life, because he was too stingy to pay for one. His hogs don't know enough to grunt when they are hungry; his dog jumped into the river and was drowned because he didn't know enough to swim out, and only week before last his horse got out of bed barn, went to a saw mill close by, and, mistaking the sawdust for bran, ate two bushels. This is an example of what the world would be without the educational influence of the press.

The Western Union Telegraph Company is putting up another wire from Harrisburg to Philadelphia as the Reading, making eleven in all between the two cities.

The engines of the new water works at Harrisburg will be able to pump 15,000,000 gallons per day.

A plat of ground of less than three acres, on the farm of Dr. John Curwen, Superintendent of the State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg, produced one thousand bushels of potatoes this season. One of the tubers weighed two pounds, eight and a half ounces.

The Vigilant steam fire engine company, of Altoona, won the prize of $100 at the Huntingdon county fair.

A very old pear tree in Erie bore sixty bushels of pears this season.

Lawrence county tipplers are now in a sore strait, as the last of the beer saloon licenses ran out on the 4th inst.

On the 24 inst., Thomas Getty and James Martin, of Washington township, Lawrence county, went to New Castle and got very drunk. While on their way home, Getty fell out of the wagon and fractured his skull, Martin tried to catch him, but fell also, and broke his leg. It is thought that Getty cannot recover.

The greater number of the employees of the old Southwark foundry, in Philadelphia, have struck against a reduction of wages. It is generally believed that they will not succeed, but the business in that establishment will be entirely suspended during the winter, if it is probable that they will remain out.

James Miller, postmaster at Fannettsburg, Fulton county, was suspected of rifling letters of their contents, and a detective was sent, and the detective kept a strict watch on Miller. At two o'clock on the morning of the 9th inst., the officer caught him in the act of robbing the letters of money, arrested and took him to Philadelphia. Jake Miller, a brother of the postmaster, is serving out a term in the Eastern penitentiary for robbing the mails on the South Mountain Railroad, on which he was the agent.

Harrisburg's new opera house, which the local papers describe as "magnificent," will be opened this evening. The Germania Serenade Theater company of Philadelphia will do the honors.

An eight-and-a-half pound genuine brook trout is the latest addition to the curiosities of the American Institute Fair. It came from Maine, and is not only a mammoth in its way, but is well worth seeing.

New Life for the Languid.

Perfect health is vouchsafed to few. Probably ninety people out of every hundred who call themselves healthy have their "turns" of languor, exhaustion, depression of spirits and bodily pain. At these times a wineglassful of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is as refreshing as "the shadow of a rock in a weary land." It invigorates and rests the system and cheers the mind. The effect of the Bitters in cases of nervous debility, produced either by undue physical exertion, over-study, intense anxiety, or any other cause, is wonderfully reviving and invigorating. In fact, this healthful vegetable restorative possesses medicinal properties which entitle it to the rank of an article of prime necessity, and it should be kept on hand in every dwelling, and promptly taken as a remedy for all the minor ailments as well as for more serious complaints.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1873....$778,251 56.
Chartered in 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent. per annum, from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN FLEMING, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. MCKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
J. S. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Hartupee, C. K. Nimick,
John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes,
S. H. Hartman, Robert O. Schmertz, Christopher Zug,
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

Real Estate Savings Bank,
[ESTABLISHED 1862.]
Cor. Fourth Ave. and Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ASSETS MAY 1, 1873.....$820,253 77
SURPLUS FUND.....59,875 30
Six Per Cent. Interest on Deposits,
PAYABLE IN MAY AND NOVEMBER.

The charter of this Bank restricts the investment of Deposits to First Liens on Real Estate within the Commonwealth, or in United States and Pennsylvania State Bonds.
President—Isaac Jones.
Vice President—Jas. B. D. Moody.
Secretary—Geo. H. Holtzman.
Solicitor—E. Bradford Todd.
TRUSTEES.
Isaac Jones, C. G. Hussey,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Jas. B. D. Moody,
Jacob Painter, Jno. H. Hinderson,
Harvey Childs, B. F. Jones.
Wm. K. Nimick.
Office open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday evening, from 7 o'clock to 9.
M

DRY GOODS.
AT
McKEE'S,
NEW FALL STYLES
IN
DRY GOODS!
Beautiful Shawls,
Choice New Dress Goods,
Elegant Black Silks,
Full Line Mourning Goods,
Best Suitings and Sackings for Ladies.
New Styles in Cassimeres,
Specialties in Boys' Wear,
All Colors, Qualities and Kinds of Flannels,
All Wool Country Blankets.
Every Department contains Choice New Attractions.
A. D. McKEE,
No 59 Market Street.

Jas. Caldwell & Co.
Have just received and are now offering the most complete
Stock of Medium and Fine
Dress Goods
On Exhibition in this Market.
Bonnet, Ponson, Tapasier and Bellon's
BLACK SILK,
CHENEY BROTHERS' CELEBRATED
AMERICAN SILK,
In Black and Cloth Shades.
All the New Shades in PLAIN SILKS for Suits and Evening Wear.
Black Alpacas,
Mohair Lustres,
Brillianteens,
Irish and French Poplins,
Repps,
French Merinos,
Cashmeres,
Biarretz,
Diagonal Drap D' Franc,
Drap D' Ete,
Black Silk Warp Cashmeres,
And Henrietta Cloths.
ALL THE DESIRABLE FABRICS IN
Black Material
FOR DEEP MOURNING.
PONSON'S BLACK SILK MANTILLA
Velvet, Velveteen and Plushes
FOR TRIMMINGS, &c.
Fine Laces, Gimps and Trimmings.
New Styles Sacques, Dolmas and Redingotes.
ENGLISH AND FRENCH
Chintzes, Blankets and Flannels
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, REPELLANTS, &C.
118 and 120
Federal Street Allegheny.
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS.
Autumn, 1873.
McElroy & Dickson,
No. 54 WOOD STREET,
Offer to their Customers and the Trade generally, their
FALL STOCK
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
Now in Store and to arrive.
Large Lines of Goods
Are offered at Prices
As Low as Before the War,
And Retailers can now supply themselves at Bottom Values.
SEPTEMBER 5th,
1873.
EDUCATIONAL.
NORTH SIDE INSTITUTE—
This school, we are informed, is to be established in our sister city in that large and substantial building on the east corner of Federal street and Arch avenue, overlooking the Park. Mr. WAKHAM, the Principal, so widely known in the community as an Educator, will be assisted by an efficient corps of Teachers. Mr. W. may be seen at the room every morning after 9 o'clock. Circulars may be had at any of the Bookstores.
THE BECKWITH $20
Portable
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE
On 30 Days' Trial,
With strength and capacity equal to any, regardless of cost. This Machine does sewing with all conditions, and with the movement of ONLY TWO PARTS (the Needle Arm and Looper), both simple and strong. It makes the Stitch, feeds the Goods, half guides the Cloth, fastens the Seams, sews on Braid, Gathers and Tucks, Hems and Embroids sew on Braid, Gathers and Tucks, Hems and Embroids sews. RESULT: The movement of only two parts does all this, which entirely does away with all the complications so liable to get out of order, and so often the source of annoyance to the operator, besides the ruinous expenditure of force in propelling

GEO. B. HILL. O. HANSON LOVE. JAS. N. HILL

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

58 Fourth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER

FOR SALE

City of Pittsburgh

SEVEN PER CENT.

BONDS,

At Par and Interest,

FREE FROM TAXATION

We Buy and Sell on Commission all kinds of

Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Negotiable Paper, &c.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat, from or to London Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.

Drafts payable on demand in any part of England Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

Geo. B. Hill & Co.

FOR SALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

STREET IMPROVEMENT

Seven Per Cent.

Penn Ave. Bonds

At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.,

BANKERS,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 108¾.

NEW YORK, October 11, 1873—4 P. M.

MONEY

ranged from 1-16 to 7 per cent.; greenbacks declined, and are quoted 1-64 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

Foreign Exchange weak to-day, with sales of bankers sixty days' sterling at 106¾ less 1-16 direct, and good bankers at 106¾@106. Sight bills sold at 107. Commercial bills quiet at 106¾@106¾. Some shippers of breadstuffs are re-storing flour and grain instead of shipping it. Customs receipts, $237,000.

GOLD

lower, and declined from 108¾ to 108¾, with intermediate sales at 108¾. Loans paid for carrying were 7, 6, 3-64, 7 gold, 1-16 and 6 per cent. The final rate was 7 per cent. Clearings $45,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $29,000. Exports for the week, $627,881, silver bars and Mexican dollars. Total amount of foreign specie received at the Assay office for the week was £727,000.

GOVERNMENTS

dull and steady.

U. S. coupons, 1881..113¾|5-20's '67.....110¾
5-20's, '62.....106¾|5-20's '68.....110¾
5-20's, '64.....106¾|5-20's, '65.....105¾
5-20's 65.....107 |10-40's.....104
5-20's '65, new.....110¾|Currency 6's.....110½

STATE BONDS.

State bonds quiet.

Missouri.....88 | Virginia, old.....36
Tennessee, old.....73¾|North Carolina, old..39
Tennessee, new.....71¾|North Carolina, new..15
Virginia, new.....40

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Railway and miscellaneous speculation was less active than yesterday, this being particularly the tone of the market early in the day. The course of prices was irregular as usual, but late in the day there was considerable pressure to sell under which prices declined from ¾ to 3 per cent. The Western Union and Lake Shore were particularly weak, the latter was pressed for sale on the re-action from the Grinnell block of 43,000 shares tied up will be released.

Canton	60	Do pref	85
W. U. Tel	86¾	Toledo & Wabash	42½
Quicksilver	29½	Do pref offered	75
Adams Ex	81	Ft. Wayne	84
W. F. & Ex	92¾	Pacific Mail	59
American Ex	55¾	Do pref	20
U. S. Express	54¾	Chicago and Alton	90
Pacific Mail	59¾	Do pref	115
N. Y. Central	99½	Ohio & Mississippi	26¾
Erie	46¾	C. C. C. & Ind.	94
Do pref	61½	Burlington & Quincy	99
Harlem	113¾	Lake Shore	69
Do pref	113	Michigan Central	91
Michigan Central	73	Illinois Central	93
P., F. W. & C.	78	Union Pacific	20¾
Northwest, com.	43¾	Central Pacific	91
Do pref	67	Union	67
Rock Island	93½	Hartford & Erie	15¾
New Jersey Central	92	Delaware & Lack's	89
St. Paul	31	Bankers' Bills	106¾

WOOL MARKETS,

NEW YORK.

October 11.—There has been a slight improvement in the demand the past three days, but the markets, as a whole, remain quiet. Manufacturers have been compelled to purchase to keep their mills running, but, as will be noticed, the sales are all in a small way. Large sales could be readily effected if dealers were willing to dispose of their stocks on long time, but in this they are backward, and prefer making small sales for cash than large ones on time

CITY MATTERS.

Till Tapper Arrested.

About eight o'clock last evening a man, giving his name as Edward Monroe, was captured in the cellar of Powers' saloon, corner of First and Grant streets. He had taken the money drawer and contents from the saloon above, and was about taking his departure. He handed over the money to Powers and in turn was handed over by a policeman to the care of the Captain of the watch. He will have a hearing this morning.

Application for Watchers.

In the Common Pleas Court, on Saturday, Messrs. W. D. Moore and D. D. Bruce, representatives of the incorruptible Democracy, made an application for the appointment of watchers at the different polls to-morrow. They stated that they had reason to believe that frauds would be attempted, and they asked for the appointment of watchers to see that everything was conducted on the square. Judge Sterrett announced that he would hear the case at 10 o'clock this morning.

Habeas Corpus.

Peter Barnett presented a petition in the Common Pleas Court, Saturday, representing that Timothy and Mary Barnett, his father and mother, are confined in the Workhouse under a commitment issued by Mayor Callow, which commitment he is informed and believes is defective. The petitioner prays a writ of habeas corpus to issue, directed to Henry Cordier, commanding him to bring the parties into Court, to be dealt with according to law. The writ was granted and made returnable on this morning at ten o'clock.

Mercantile Library Lectures.

Announcement is made elsewhere in our columns this morning of the twenty-second annual course of lectures, under the auspices of the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association. It will be seen that the list of lectures for the season of 1873 '74 is an excellent one, embracing the familiar names of men and women eminent in the world of letters. Gough, Dickinson, Dougherty and Nast are among those of the list, and under the management of the able committee the course will doubtless be as successful as any that have heretofore preceded it.

The Pay of Workingmen.

On Saturday afternoon a meeting of some forty or fifty metal boilers was held at Workingmen's Hall for the purpose of considering the necessity of asking employers to give more than the fifty per cent. pay weekly, as has been decided by the manufacturers, during the present money stringency.

Mr. Lawrence Murray was chosen chairman of the meeting.

A general discussion then ensued as to the best manner of dealing with the subject in hand. Finally a resolution in substance as follows, was drawn up:

Resolved, That we appoint a committee for the purpose of conferring with employers for the purpose of obtaining, if possible, better terms of payment than now exist.

Then followed some very aimless and profitless discussion, during which nothing conclusive was arrived at, and the resolution was finally tabled, and the meeting broke up without having done anything toward the end for which it had been called.

The prospects are that there will soon be relief in the money market so that matters may proceed as formerly.

The Murder of Young Hamilton.

On Saturday we gave such facts as had been obtained relative to the shooting of a young man named Hamilton, alias Thompson, by a gambler in Nevada. Charles S. Fetterman, Esq., of this city, has inspected the signature and description at the recruiting office where Hamilton enlisted, and is satisfied that he is a young man for whom he had been appointed guardian. The deceased was only twenty years of age at the time of his enlistment, and his parents resided in Baldwin township, near the Castle Shannon Railroad, and on the death of the mother Mr. Fetterman was appointed guardian of the children, two boys and a girl. The whereabouts of the father are not known. The deceased went West, and returned entirely out of money. Mr. Fetterman gave him some money, for which he has not attended going to California, but he stayed here and spent it foolishly. He then prepared a petition to get him an appointment in the police force, and got it, but after one and two days later Mr. Fetterman failed there, and two days later Mr. Fetterman learned of his enlistment. Nothing further of him was known until intelligence of his death was received at the Mayor's office. The three children had been left twenty-three acres of good land in Baldwin township, which will now fall to the two remaining children. It is probable the body will be brought home.

Fifth Ward (Allegheny) Republicans.

On Friday evening last a meeting of the Republicans of the Fifth ward, Allegheny, was held, and much interest was manifested in the arrangements for bringing out the vote on Tuesday.

Mr. Isaac Heed occupied the chair, and Mr. I. N. Patterson officiated as Secretary. A general interchange of opinion then took place, all the members uniting in the belief that there would be a good turn out on Tuesday next at the polls. They urged upon themselves to put forth their best efforts to stir up the Republicans of the ward.

The following gentlemen were added to the Vigilance Committee: Fred. Kessler, Peter Cool, James Lindsay, D. F. Aguew, Jacob Bruckmann, John Glass, W. J. Brenner, John Keitonbaugh, John Grier, Price Lemon, Jos. Walton, Alex. Black, Christ. Hoch, Jas. Grier, Jacob Kreps, Jos. Kreps, Jos. Barn, Dan Bradford, Jas. Hall, Wm. Anshultz, Hugh McElvenny, Bill Brown, Thos. Samuel Hidder, Jos. McGregor, J. Wilson Miller, Chas. Alexander, Robt. Wills, J. Lawley, John Scott, James Marshall, John Sheridan, Jas. Clinton, S. J. Brod, J. A. Gilleland, James Caughey, John Mussler, Wm. J. Thompson, Chas. Caldwell, Louis Weinfeld, Wm. Carson, William Carson, John and David Doreland.

On motion, Messrs. William Cook, F. A. M. Kreps, William Heagy, Christ. Hoch, Charles Alexander, William Lea, Robert Young, Peter Cool and A. A. Sterry were appointed the Committee on Tickets and Tables. The meeting then adjourned until Monday evening, October 13, when it will meet at Aldermar Buiford's office.

AID FOR MEMPHIS.

Further Contributions—Collection in the Churches.

Further news from Memphis is such as to call for more general contributions from our citizens and, we are glad to say, that notwithstanding the money stringency, Pittsburgh is coming up nobly to the rescue. The following contributions were handed in yesterday:

Duff & Campbell	$ 5 00	Orlando M. Harper	$10 00
John Dunlap	25 00	C. Ihmsen & Sons	25 00
Wm. Barnes, Jr	1 00	Wm. Thaw	100 00
Moorhouse & Harte	5 00	Wm. McCleave	10 00
ten	5 00	Thomas B. Kerr	5 00
Love & Thomson	5 00	Wm. Wilson	5 00
Morgenstern & Co	10 00	G. Schleiter & Co	5 00
Dunlevy & Bro	5 00	Jos. Zimmerman	2 00
Diamond Savings Bank	10 00	D. H. Voscamp	2 00
Wm. Pollock	5 00	Wm. Agnew	5 00
Edwin Stickland	5 00	Thos. R. Kerr	5 00
Singer, Nimick & Co	50 00	McCandless, Son & Co	5 00
Mitchell, Stevenson & Co	5 00	J. H. Parker	5 00
Graf, Hugus & Co	5 00	Jno. Bindley & Sons	5 00
Jesse H. Lippincott	5 00	Henry Rea, Jr	5 00
McKeown, Thompson & Co	5 00	H. W. Jenkinson	10 00
M. Silverman	5 00	J. Fullerton	5 00
Cash from sundry parties	14 45	Cash from sundry parties	14 50
John A. Harper	10 00	S. H. Erwin	50

The following copy of a letter sent to Memphis to-day explains itself:

PITTSBURGH, October 11th, 1873.

A. D. Longyear, Esq., President Howard Association, Memphis, Tenn.

DEAR SIR: Enclosed please find Adams Express Company's receipt for one thousand dollars, sent to your address this day, for the relief of the sick and destitute of your afflicted citizens.

I also enclosed you a similar receipt for one thousand dollars on the 9th instant.

Very respectfully, yours truly,

R. C. GRAY,
Chairman Pittsburgh Relief Committee.

Collections were taken up in the churches yesterday, and, in all, a very handsome sum was realized.

PROTHONOTARY OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Retirement of Thos. J. Keenan, Esq.—Gen. J. B. Sweitzer to Succeed Him

Thomas J. Keenan, Esq., who, for a period of fifteen years, has filled acceptably and creditably the office of Prothonotary of the Supreme Court for the Western District, gave notice that he would not be a reappointment that he would again be a candidate. The Supreme bench has had a Republican majority for several years, but the Prothonotary was continued as usual. Since, however, he declined a reappointment, it became necessary to select a successor. We understand that the Court has had the subject before them, and that the choice has fallen upon Gen. J. Bowman Sweitzer, of this city, whose appointment will be officially announced to-day. Mr. Keenan has made a most excellent officer, giving entire satisfaction not only to the Court and the members of the bar, but to the public generally. It is due to him to say that he at all times appreciated the importance of giving both early and accurate information to the public, through the press, of matters transpiring in the Court; and that, no matter how pressing his other duties, he was always willing to impart any information of a public character, when called upon by the reporters of the newspapers. Our interviews with him covered his entire official term, and it is a pleasure to say that in that time he has been most obliging, affable, and gentlemanly. Gen. Sweitzer is an old member of the Pittsburgh bar, and is too widely known to require any lengthy notice at our hands. That he will make an excellent officer, there can be the slightest doubt. In the event of his confirmation for the position, and we are glad to know that the office has fallen into worthy hands, Mr. Keenan's term will not expire until the close of the present session—November 30th.

SUPPOSED SUICIDE BY POISON.

A Pittsburgher Found Dead in a Deserted House in Illinois.

The Champaign (Illinois) *Gazette*, of the 8th inst., reports the finding of the dead body of a man in a deserted house on the farm of J. S. Wright, two miles east of the village of Mahomet, by a party of movers. An inquest was held, and a verdict was rendered that the deceased had met his death through some cause unknown to the jury, and the circumstances seem to be shrouded in mystery. The unfortunate man was respectably dressed and was apparently about thirty years old. On his person was found a letter of recommendation from M. P. Dilworth & Co., of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, stating that H. C. Leib had voluntarily left their employ to better himself in the West, and that the bearer was worthy of confidence as an honest, sober and industrious man. In a parcel in the same room where the body was discovered, there were found a pair of lady's stockings, a towel, a flannel shirt and a razor—all identified as belonging to Mr. William P. Rice and family who reside in the immediate neighborhood. The indications were that the man had been dead two weeks, and body being drawn up as if he had suffered from a convulsion immediately preceding death. From a memorandum book also found in his possession, it appears that he was a man of considerable information—it being filled with numerous recipes and notes, all written in a clear and beautiful hand. Further, and indicating that he had either followed the profession of physician or apothecary. It is surmised, from finding no money on the ghastly remains, except a copper cent and a three cent postage stamp, that the poor fellow was destitute; that he wandered into the ruined house in a desperate mood of mind, and it may be that he perished by poison administered by his own hand. It is singular that no one in the neighborhood, or in the village of Mahomet ever saw the deceased, and it is not known from what direction he came. Should friends or relatives the mystery surrounding his sad affair may in a measure be solved.

In a room adjoining that in which the corpse of the man lay, a steer belonging to Mr. Wright was found starved to death. It seems that the poor animal had sought shelter there from rain, and that the door through which the animal entered was blown shut, thus imprisoning and causing its death by starvation.

MR. JOSEPH FRAZIER, whose death from injuries received at the late explosion at Frazier & Smith's foundry, Twenty-second street, has already been mentioned in the COMMERCIAL was buried at Oakland Cemetery yesterday afternoon. A most mournful and affecting scene took place at the grave, the aged mother of the deceased, overcome by her anguish, falling down in a swoon. She was removed to her residence by sympathizing friends. The relatives and friends of Mr. Frazier return grateful acknowledgments to Mr. Smith for the numerous notable acts of kindness performed by him in connection with the sad casualty.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

Republican Mass Meeting at Sandy Creek—Large Attendance and Good Feeling—Remarks of David Kirk, Esq

In the way of public meetings in our county the campaign has been dry during the present contest. The old Democracy has showed no signs of vitality whatever and the few meetings that have been held have been of the Republican and the Prohibition parties. The prohibitionists have miserably failed in getting up enthusiasm in the cities while the Republicans have held meetings only in the country districts, where the largest population prevailed. All these meetings of Republicans have been successful ones, exhibiting the continued feeling of the security of the true party of progress and reform.

This evening, as will be seen by reference to our advertising columns two meetings will be held, one at Sharpsburg and the other at Turtle Creek, and at each able speakers will be present.

On Friday evening last there was a large and enthusiastic meeting at Sandy Creek, Plum township, which was addressed by David Kirk, W. P. Austin, J. S. Haymaker and John C. Newmyer, Esqs. A brass band was in attendance and at intervals discoursed excellent music. We give below an abstract of the address of Mr. Kirk:

REMARKS OF DAVID KIRK, ESQ.

Mr. President and Fellow Citizens:

On Tuesday next it will be your duty to exercise the glorious privilege of American freemen, by casting your vote for the men and measures that you wish to rule and govern in this county and State for the next year, and also to indicate by your vote your satisfaction or dissatisfaction with the administration of the government in State and Nation for the past year. It is your duty to examine the men and the measures submitted to you for your choice, and vote for whichever you think will best promote the welfare of our beloved country. I represent, and am here to urge you to vote for, the men and the principles of the grand old Republican party. I say old, for though it is really young, yet the grand events that have transpired; the momentous questions that have been before us for adjudication; the extraordinary and beneficial effect that its short and eventful career has had, and is upon our own country and people, but upon the whole human race, entitles it to the appellation of the party that have brought this country and its people up to the

TRUE TRUE LABOR PARTY.

The speaker then alluded to the Labor Reform party, and asked what was the object of such a movement. Had not the Republican party conceded all they had asked? Had not all our candidates, from Speaker Anderson down, voted for their screen bill, and by requiring 7 hours a day's work, nominated and elevated every workingman whom a majority of his fellow-workmen desired to be promoted? Look at Senator Jingleman, for instance, who had proved himself a worthy representative of labor, whose claims had been recognized by the Republican party, and who had been promoted to honor. If there are others, their fellow workmen had not to indicate to them, and the Republican party would take them by the hand and promote them in like manner.

The speaker closed with an elegant appeal to all Republicans to stand by their party and vote for the entire ticket, and to such as were yet without the fold to come with us and be partakers in the past record and future glory of the Republican party.

GUBERNATORIAL PARDONS.

District Attorney Bayne to Governor Hartranft.

Colonel Bayne, District Attorney for Allegheny county, having used his influence and official position in being made for the pardon of convicts in this county, without his knowledge or sanction, has addressed the following letter to the Governor on the subject:

PITTSBURGH, October 6, 1873.

General John F. Hartranft, Governor of Pennsylvania:

SIR—I feel it to be my duty to write to you respecting the numerous applications for pardon, which are being presented from this county. It matters not that the general rule is, that the worst villains have the most friends to sign petitions for their pardon, the Executive clemency; while the less demonstrative class is suffered to be in prison without intercession. I suppose that it is the duty of the pardoning power to the principle that the sort of energy which distinguishes itself in all other sorts of efforts, among which is the procuring of pardons.

I deem it now my duty to protest against the deceit that may mislead you. I have heard of names having been forged to petitions, and false representations in order to the attainment of the desired result. I do not say that such is the case, but the instances that pertain essentially to your high office, otherwise than to protect you from misrepresentation.

I have the honor to be yours, very truly,

THOMAS M. BAYNE.

The receipt of this letter has been acknowledged, and the District Attorney assured that he will be consulted in applications from this county.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the matter of Mackin Bros., bankrupts, on petition of the assignee, an order was made for the sale of certain real estate, discharged of all liens and encumbrances.

The appointment of John Glass, Esq., of New Brighton, as assignee of Edward Roberts and Thomas Miller, was approved, and the choice of Jas. McMartin, Esq., as assignee of Thos. McKinley, bankrupt, was approved.

In the case of James Bevington *et al.*, vs. the steamboat Surface McDonald, the vessel, libelled on Friday to show cause why one-half of the surplus fund should not be paid to John D. Wright, assignee of John N. McDonald, deceased, was adjourned to the 18th inst. at 10 a. m.

Supreme Court—Full Bench.

The argument in the case of McGinnis vs. the Commonwealth, was concluded by Major Brown.

West vs. Irwin; error to District Court of Allegheny county. Argued by Brown for plaintiff in error, and W. S. Miller contra.

George G. Negley et al., vs. William Lindsay; error to the Common Pleas Court. Argued by Brown and Marshall for plaintiffs in error, and Acheson, contra. This was an action for debt brought by William Lindsay, defendant in error and plaintiff below, against George G. Negley, Thos. W. Negley, John N. Berlin and James S. Negley for the recovery of ten thousand dollars, the amount named in an agreement in writing for the sale of 106 acres of "oil lands" situate in Wood county, Virginia. The cause has been tried five times. At the last trial they disagreed and were discharged without rendering a verdict. The second and third trials resulted in verdicts for plaintiff, but the verdicts were set aside and new trials granted. The judgment entered on the fourth verdict was reversed upon writ of error, and the present writ is to the judgment entered on the last verdict for plaintiff for $14,076 92.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

The following petitions in divorce were filed: August Auberly vs Catharine Auberly, desertion. Wm. F. Brightwell vs. Annie Brightwell, adultery. David R. Scott vs. Ozylla Scott, desertion, adultery.

A decree of divorce was refused in the case of Jennie Lacey vs. John Lacey.

A preliminary order was made granting an amendment to the charter of the First Associate Reformed church of Manchester.

Jurors summoned for the second Monday of October, and notified that they need not attend until the third Monday.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

James Mantel, who entered a plea of *nolo contendere* to stealing, on larceny of the value of $210 from Elliott Bard, was sentenced to two years in the workhouse. Thomas Lynch, found guilty of receiving the stolen property, was sentenced to the same institution for six months.

Patrick McNamara, found guilty of the larceny of a pair of pantaloons from Adam Sailor, was sentenced for four months to the workhouse.

Michael Dougher, charged with desertion and wife beating, was next arraigned. The charge of desertion was dismissed, and on the charge of assault and battery, he was sentenced to the workhouse for six months.

Patrick Early, convicted of robbing Thomas Heidington of a watch, was sentenced to ten months' imprisonment in the Workhouse.

George Hopkins, a negro, convicted of the larceny of several articles from the residence of J. E. McKinty was directed to undergo an imprisonment of six months in the Workhouse.

Wm. Moore, for the larceny of $15 from Wm. Copeland, was sent to the Workhouse for thirty days.

Jeremiah Troyer, for felonious assault and battery in stabbing Thomas L. Thompson, was sentenced to two years imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth vs.

J. G. Fuerth,	James Johnston,
Chas Cooper,	Henry Minehart,
F. J. May,	Philip Heuther,
Thomas Hughes,	John Zoffon,
John Fitzgerald,	Bridget Ward,
Herman Derry,	George Fritz,
Mary King,	Sullivan and McCrory.
Margaret Steiner,	

JUDGE STOWE ON DRUNKENNESS

What He Said to the Jury in the Cunningham Case.

It seems that the reporter who gave an abstract of Judge Stowe's charge to the jury in the case of officer Cunningham, unintentionally misrepresented the Judge, which has been made the occasion of some severe criticism and animadversion. What he *did* say, on the occasion referred to, was the following:

"There is no doubt but that a constable or policeman may arrest one for being drunk under the existing act of Assembly, but under the city ordinances there is nothing authorizing the arrest of one for an offense for which one may be arrested and fined $50 and sent to the Workhouse for thirty days. The offenses for which under the ordinances one may be arrested are all specially designated, and drunkenness is nowhere prohibited by any ordinance that has ever been brought to my notice.

"The arrest made in this case is put upon its true ground, not that the prosecutor was drunk, but that he and others were making a noise and creating disorder on the street at the time of the arrest. If such was the case the right and duty of the defendant to make the arrest and your verdict should be not guilty; but if the party of which the prosecutor was one were doing nothing to disturb anybody and making no noise such as was improper or unreasonable under the circumstances, the defendant had no right to arrest merely because the prosecutor was drunk, or to beat him with his club as he seems to perceive this distinction, and their performances accordingly. Negley's Run is a quiet locality, set out in a western tour, and any person wishing to behold the cheerful spectacle of laughter holding both its sides with its two neighbors, said to enjoy one of these most remarkable people."

The box sheet of Harry Hall is still open at Hale's music store, No. 103 Smithfield street, where seats can be secured for each night during the week. The sale thus far is quite large.

Academy of Music.

This evening, at the Academy of Music, will be inaugurated a season of opera bouffe, by Bellamy Holmew's new pantomime troupe, "Flick and Flock," which bristles with laughable incidents, startling tricks, wonderful transformations, side-splitting antics, &c. Maffitt and Bartholomew are recognized in every city and town in the land as among the very best pantomimists now before the public, and the equals in nearly every respect of the old-time Ravels in the same lines of character. They are said to have introduced nothing into their fun from the slightest taint of vulgarity, rendering each and every performance acceptable to the most refined taste. In addition to the gentlemen already named, there are in the company Charles W. Lovell, Miss Mollie Lee, Miss Lizzie Mayo and others. The Lee brothers, who can get sweet music out of pieces of stone; the Garnella children, acrobats; Chirash, juggler and contortionist, and a number of other specialty artists add interest. All the properties are new and bright, and the entire pantomime can confidently expect real enjoyment at the Academy this week.

Tripler's Varieties Theater.

Quite a number of new performers will appear at this theater to-night, including the Henri Family, all the artists, Miss Ione Lang, a vocalist who comes highly recommended, in Miss Annie Brighton, a versatile young lady, who not only sings well, but dances gracefully and elegantly. Ling Look, who makes nothing of eating a coal shovel full of fire, and after having emitted smoke from his nostrils for a time, the style of a locomotive engine at night, and does a great many other things equally startling. The old mainstays, another week, Yamadiva, Little Dot, Lulu Delmay, Abbie Farnsworth and many others of the attractions of the past week will remain. The show is entirely new, and the performance will conclude with a comedietta.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE receipts of the Vokes family at Buffalo, last week, were over $2,500.

CITY COUNCILS will meet this afternoon at two o'clock, in regular session.

A BARN belonging to Spring Hill, was destroyed by fire Friday evening, involving a loss of a few hundred dollars.

CUCK DUNPHY is said to be the owner of the Twenty-seventh ward, that the citizens compain coudly, and censure the police for not suppressing the evils.

THE election news will be received and announced at City Hall to-morrow evening. The Republican County Committee have engaged the Great Western Band for the occasion. Hon. T. J. Bigham will be present.

HENRY A. JOHNSON has prosecuted John Laughlin conductor of car No. 37, Citizens' road, for assault and battery, before Alderman Gripp. The allegation is that the defendant threw the prosecutor from the car to the ground, on Thursday last. Verdict for defendant.

A WOMAN named Beck had her pocket picked of eighteen dollars in the Allegheny market on Saturday evening, and another woman who was also up in the market had fifty cents taken from her pocket. Some boys who sell shoe strings are supposed to be the thieves.

THE music in the Allegheny Parks was interrupted on saturday evening by the rain. The Great western Band, which had been engaged to play at Washington Corner Band, were to play alternately. A great crowd of people was in attendance when the rain came on.

ANNIE HEFFY, about four years of age, and a daughter of J. J. Heffy, who keeps a saloon on Diamond street, Allegheny, while playing about the kitchen fell into a tub of hot water on Saturday evening last. Dr. Floor, and although she was quickly rescued, her face and arms were badly burned.

IT is a curious fact that a governmental bonded warehouse for imported goods will soon be established in this city. There is a steady increase in the amount of goods imported, and the necessity has been felt for such a warehouse. Of the 1,000 warehouses in the United States Pittsburgh is the only one without one. Baltimore, Philadelphia and Cincinnati have each a number of them, and the establishment of one here will be a convenience to importers.

DURING WATERS and CABLE'S last week successfully performed a delicate operation upon a boy named John Mohr, residing in Allegheny, who nearly one year ago suffered the fracture of a leg, by maltreatment a part of the shin bone decayed. The wound was opened up and the bone cleansed. The boy will recover.

AN ELDERLY man named Knox was knocked down by a horse and buggy, last evening, at Fifth avenue and Congress street. The shaft of the vehicle struck him in the face, making an ugly, but not serious wound. He was able to walk to his boarding place, corner of 61st street. The driver of the horse did not wait to see what damage had been done.

CORONER WEST, on Saturday, held an inquest on the body of Barbara Wolf, who resided on the line of Negley's Run. The deceased, a child, was playing with her little brother on Friday, and the latter got hold of a revolver, and, cocking the weapon, fired it, sending a bullet into the head, from the effects of which she died in about two hours. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

THE McKeesport *Paragon* is responsible for the statement that a man who was on the witness stand in the Lizzie Mess murder case, and who has been in the employ of a gentleman in that neighborhood for a considerable time, "can tell a bigger story than the Mess murder. He would rather talk of that than anything else, and he seems to have a monopoly in the town in the line of thoughts of that terrible tragedy."

THE sub-committee of the Police Committee of Councils met on Saturday evening and opened the bids for the making and furnishing of the clothing for the policemen. There were received, some of which were for the making of the uniforms and others for the making and furnishing cloth and everything else. The bids were referred to Judge Ludlow and the Committee adjourned until Monday without having made a decision.

A MAN named Peter Carrigan was noticed acting suspiciously, near the corner of Canal street and Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny, on Saturday afternoon and two o'clock. He had a sack of potatoes on his shoulder, and when an officer attempted to question he dropped the sack and set out on a lieeman a black eye, and succeeded in driving him away for a short time. The officer sallied to assistance, and the twain followed the man to his house in the locality, where they found him under the bed. They arrested him and took him to the lock-up, where he now is.

BOSTON did a good stroke of business by the annexation of the neighboring towns of Charlestown, Brighton and West Roxbury. Each of these municipalities voted in favor of annexation, while in the town of Roxbury, in which the vote on the annexation question was also taken, a majority against the proposition was given. Boston itself, however, voted largely in favor of the annexation of all four of the adjoining towns. The following shows the taxable area in acres of the old city and the annexed towns, also their population by the census of 1870, and their property valuation in the present year:

	Area.	Population.	Valuation.
Boston	9,883	250,526	$633,831,400
Charlestown	220	28,323	34,942,130
Brighton	2,370	4,967	14,548,831
West Roxbury	6,627½	8,683	22,146,600
Total	19,100½	292,499	$705,470,651

In 1870, Boston ranked as the seventh city in the Union, in the matter of population. The annexation of the neighboring towns it assumes the sixth position of the rank, supplanting Baltimore, which had a population of 267,354 in 1870. The provisions of the act of union do not take effect until the first Monday in January next, except so far as they relate to the election of municipal and ward officers.

A Verdict After the Races.

Now, that the races at McKeev's Rocks are over, all who attended them, and the number is legion, have a chance to judge of the quality and workmanship of the different vehicles that were used by the many visitors during the four days of the meeting. All descriptions of turnouts were represented in addition and not a style extant was missing. Every of Eastern carriage manufacturers were also represented by the presence of their manufactures. The universal verdict of the horsemen (and they should know) was that the vehicles made by Workman & Davis were the best, both in style and durability. The manufactories of these gentlemen are situated at Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, and Nos. 46, 47 and 48 Arch street, Allegheny City, where is constantly kept the largest and best supply of carriages of all descriptions. Give them a call.

POLITICAL.

State.

Hon. Lafayette Westbrook has withdrawn from the contest for Assembly in the Wayne and Pike district, and the Hon. Wm. H. Dimmick is without a competitor.

Matthew McAteer, well known as a conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad between Altoona and Harrisburg, was last week discharged for passing parties over the road free upon promising to vote for his brother for Assembly in Huntingdon county.

A Democratic paper in the Legislature has sought to restore the State tax on real estate as a Republican Legislature was prompt to repeal it at the proper time. Any man who has a home of his own and cares for a Democratic party will be apt to remember does just so much directly to put a burden on his own back.

Certain Democratic lawyers in this city have issued an address to voters in which Judge Ludlow is eulogized as a man of exceptional integrity, ability and experience in the exercise of the judicial function. No Republican can be so blinded by party prejudice as to suppose that Judge Ludlow is an honest man and an excellent public officer, but while we frankly admit this much, we insist that Judge Gordon possesses the same qualifications for the office to which they both aspire; and the merits of the case are simply these: Judge Ludlow has been a party politician for years, and has on many occasions used his official position to give aid and comfort to the party of which he is a member. Judge Gordon has not been so identified with party politics, and his decisions have been characterized by a fairness and impartiality which commend him to the confidence of all parties. Judge Ludlow is a man of ability, but he is not a man of the judicial temperament, and he has not the confidence of the people in the sense that Judge Gordon has. Judge Gordon will adorn the Supreme bench quite as much as Judge Ludlow would, and he will be more likely to do justice between litigants. In addition to the gentlemen already named, there are in the company Charles W. Lovell, Miss Mollie Lee, Miss Lizzie Mayo and others. The Lee brothers, who can get sweet music out of pieces of stone; the Garnella children, acrobats; Chirash, juggler and contortionist, and a number of other specialty artists add interest. All the properties are new and bright, and the entire pantomime can confidently expect real enjoyment at the Academy this week.

Tripler's Varieties Theater.

Quite a number of new performers will appear at this theater to-night, including the Henri Family, all the artists, Miss Ione Lang, a vocalist who comes highly recommended, in Miss Annie Brighton, a versatile young lady, who not only sings well, but dances gracefully and elegantly. Ling Look, who makes nothing of eating a coal shovel full of fire, and after having emitted smoke from his nostrils for a time, the style of a locomotive engine at night, and does a great many other things equally startling. The old mainstays another week, Yamadiva, Little Dot, Lulu Delmay, Abbie Farnsworth and many others of the attractions of the past week will remain. The show is entirely new, and the performance will conclude with a comedietta.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE receipts of the Vokes family at Buffalo, last week, were over $2,500.

CITY COUNCILS will meet this afternoon at two o'clock, in regular session.

A BARN belonging to Spring Hill, was destroyed by fire Friday evening, involving a loss of a few hundred dollars.

THE Fall term of the American Conservatory of Music begins to-day at 29 and 31 Fifth avenue. New students may begin any day this or next week.

CUCK DUNPHY is said to be the owner in the Twenty-seventh ward, that the citizens compain coudly, and censure the police for not suppressing the evils.

THE election news will be received and announced at City Hall to-morrow evening. The Republican County Committee have engaged the Great Western Band for the occasion. Hon. T. J. Bigham will be present.

HENRY A. JOHNSON has prosecuted John Laughlin conductor of car No. 37, Citizens' road, for assault and battery, before Alderman Gripp. The allegation is that the defendant threw the prosecutor from the car to the ground, on Thursday last. Verdict for defendant.

A WOMAN named Beck had her pocket picked of eighteen dollars in the Allegheny market on Saturday evening, and another woman who was also up in the market had fifty cents taken from her pocket. Some boys who sell shoe strings are supposed to be the thieves.

THE music in the Allegheny Parks was interrupted on saturday evening by the rain. The Great western Band, which had been engaged to play at Washington Corner Band, were to play alternately. A great crowd of people was in attendance when the rain came on.

ANNIE HEFFY, about four years of age, and a daughter of J. J. Heffy, who keeps a saloon on Diamond street, Allegheny, while playing about the kitchen fell into a tub of hot water on Saturday evening last. Dr. Floor, and although she was quickly rescued, her face and arms were badly burned.

IT is a curious fact that a governmental bonded warehouse for imported goods will soon be established in this city. There is a steady increase in the amount of goods imported, and the necessity has been felt for such a warehouse. Of the 1,000 warehouses in the United States Pittsburgh is the only one without one. Baltimore, Philadelphia and Cincinnati have each a number of them, and the establishment of one here will be a convenience to importers.

DURING WATERS and CABLE'S last week successfully performed a delicate operation upon a boy named John Mohr, residing in Allegheny, who nearly one year ago suffered the fracture of a leg, by maltreatment a part of the shin bone decayed. The wound was opened up and the bone cleansed. The boy will recover.

AN ELDERLY man named Knox was knocked down by a horse and buggy, last evening, at Fifth avenue and Congress street. The shaft of the vehicle struck him in the face, making an ugly, but not serious wound. He was able to walk to his boarding place, corner of 61st street. The driver of the horse did not wait to see what damage had been done.

CORONER WEST, on Saturday, held an inquest on the body of Barbara Wolf, who resided on the line of Negley's Run. The deceased, a child, was playing with her little brother on Friday, and the latter got hold of a revolver, and, cocking the weapon, fired it, sending a bullet into the head, from the effects of which she died in about two hours. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

THE McKeesport *Paragon* is responsible for the statement that a man who was on the witness stand in the Lizzie Mess murder case, and who has been in the employ of a gentleman in that neighborhood for a considerable time, "can tell a bigger story than the Mess murder. He would rather talk of that than anything else, and he seems to have a monopoly in the town in the line of thoughts of that terrible tragedy."

THE sub-committee of the Police Committee of Councils met on saturday evening and opened the bids for the making and furnishing of the clothing for the policemen. There were received, some of which were for the making of the uniforms and others for the making and furnishing cloth and everything else. The bids were referred to Judge Ludlow and the Committee adjourned until Monday without having made a decision.

A MAN named Peter Carrigan was noticed acting suspiciously, near the corner of Canal street and Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny, on Saturday afternoon and two o'clock. He had a sack of potatoes on his shoulder, and when an officer attempted to question he dropped the sack and set out on a lieeman a black eye, and succeeded in driving him away for a short time. The officer sallied to assistance, and the twain followed the man to his house in the locality, where they found him under the bed. They arrested him and took him to the lock-up, where he now is.

BOSTON did a good stroke of business by the annexation of the neighboring towns of Charlestown, Brighton and West Roxbury. Each of these municipalities voted in favor of annexation, while in the town of Roxbury, in which the vote on the annexation question was also taken, a majority against the proposition was given. Boston itself, however, voted largely in favor of the annexation of all four of the adjoining towns. The following shows the taxable area in acres of the old city and the annexed towns, also their population by the census of 1870, and their property valuation in the present year:

	Area.	Population.	Valuation.
Boston	9,883	250,526	$633,831,400
Charlestown	220	28,323	34,942,130
Brighton	2,370	4,967	14,548,831
West Roxbury	6,627½	8,683	22,146,600
Total	19,100½	292,499	$705,470,651

In 1870, Boston ranked as the seventh city in the Union, in the matter of population. The annexation of the neighboring towns it assumes the sixth position of the rank, supplanting Baltimore, which had a population of 267,354 in 1870. The provisions of the act of union do not take effect until the first Monday in January next, except so far as they relate to the election of municipal and ward officers.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Mr. Dominick Murray closed a fatty successful engagement at the Opera House on Saturday evening. His admirers have had a treat which will cause them to extend a warm welcome whenever he may return.

This evening, Mr. John Thompson, a comedian of very good abilities, and quite versatile genius, will make his first bow, this season, to a Pittsburgh audience. He will appear in the play written especially for him, entitled "On Hand." In it he sustains a number of different characters, and sings songs, and performs solos on different musical instruments. While "On Hand" will never take high rank as a dramatic work, it is a popular and taking one